

take the case only if discovery dates are extended." <u>Id.</u> at 1.

A "pretrial schedule may be modified 'if it cannot reasonably be met despite the diligence of the party seeking the extension.' If the party seeking the modification 'was not diligent, the inquiry should end' and the motion to modify should not be granted." Zivkovic v. S. Cal. Edison Co., 302 F.3d 1080, 1087 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing Johnson v. Mammoth Recreations, Inc., 975 F.2d 604, 607 (9th Cir. 1992) (internal citations omitted).

Plaintiff in this case has not shown "good cause" for the extension or diligence in complying with dates of the scheduling order. Plaintiff's motion and supporting affidavits provide no justifiable explanation for the delay in seeking the involvement of a Seattle-based attorney. Not realizing, until 10 days before the March 14, 2006 Rule 26 deadline, that retaining local counsel would eliminate the need for out-of-state travel to meet with her current counsel does not show diligence. See Dkt. #9. Accordingly, plaintiff's "Motion to Extend Discovery Dates and Pretrial Scheduling Order Deadlines" (Dkt. #17) is DENIED.

DATED this 17th day of April, 2007.

MMS (asmik Robert S. Lasnik

United States District Judge